



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark: Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/034,704	12/27/2001	Troy Raymond Pesola	2001-066-NSC 1507	
75	90 07/30/2004		EXAMI	NER _
Wayne P. Bailey Storage Technology Corporation One StorageTek Drive, MS-4309 Louisville, CO 80028-4309			PEREZ, ANGELICA	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2684	
			DATE MAILED: 07/30/2004	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary	10/034,704	PESOLA, TROY RAYMOND				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAILING DATE of this communication and	Angelica M. Perez	2684				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the (correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	86(a). In no event, however, may a reply be till within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 De	ecember 2001.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction in the original of the correction access that any objection to the original or	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se on is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:					

Art Unit: 2684

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

2. Claims 1-8, 10 and 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Erekson (Erekson, Rich; US Patent No.: 6,622,018 B1).

Regarding claim 1, Erekson teaches of a method for synchronizing managed data stored by at least first and second computing devices (column 1, lines 6-11), the method comprising: establishing a communication link between the first and second computing devices (column 4, lines 42-53; where a first and second computing devices can be two PC's or other devices with computing capabilities); automatically identifying the managed data stored on the first computing device for synchronization (column 10, lines 48-52; e.g., "characteristics and capabilities"); automatically transferring

Art Unit: 2684

synchronization information associated with the managed data stored on the first computing device to the second computing device over the communication link (column 5, lines 15-20; where automatic synchronization is done in Bluetooth); reconciling differences in the managed data stored on the first and second computing devices based on the synchronization information to generate reconciliation information (column 7, lines 53-60; e.g., "link mode negotiation and setup"); and transferring the reconciliation information from the second computing device to the first computing device to synchronize the managed data (column 7 and 8, lines 64-67 and 1-3, respectively; where the transceiver transfers the reconciliation information).

Regarding claim 2, Erekson teaches all the limitations of claim 1. Erekson further teaches where the step of establishing a communication link comprises establishing a wireless communication link (column 1, lines 6-7).

Regarding claim 3, Erekson teaches all the limitations of claim 2. Erekson further teaches where the step of establishing a wireless communication link comprises automatically establishing a wireless communication link based on proximity of the first and second computing devices (column 4, lines 54-62; where proximity is an important feature of Bluetooth technology).

Regarding claim 4, Erekson teaches all the limitations of claim 2. Erekson further teaches where the wireless communication link is a radio frequency communication link (column 4, lines 47-49; "short-range radio links").

Art Unit: 2684

Regarding claim 5, Erekson teaches all the limitations of claim 1. Erekson further teaches where the step of establishing a communication link comprises exchanging authentication information (column 7, line 60).

Regarding claim 6, Erekson teaches all the limitations of claim 5. Erekson further teaches where the authentication information includes information that uniquely identifies the first computing device (column 7, line 60; where it is inherent in the authentication process to uniquely identify the device in question).

Regarding claim 7, Erekson teaches all the limitations of claim 6. Erekson further teaches where the authentication information includes a MAC address associated with a network interface card of the first computing device (column 8, lines 44-50).

Regarding claim 8, Erekson teaches all the limitations of claim 5. Erekson further teaches where the authentication information includes information that uniquely identifies a user of the first computing device (column 7, line 60).

Regarding claim 10, Erekson teaches of a method for synchronizing managed data stored on a mobile computing device and a stationary computing device (column 1, lines 6-11; column 5 lines 24-30; e.g., "desktop computers" being "stationary computing devices"), the method comprising: automatically establishing a wireless communication link between the computing devices when the mobile computing device is within a predetermined proximity of the stationary computing device (column 4, lines 54-62; where proximity is an important feature of Bluetooth technology); automatically identifying the managed data for synchronization based on authentication of at least one of the mobile computing device and an associated user (column 7, line 60); and

Art Unit: 2684

automatically exchanging synchronization information between the mobile and stationary computing devices such that the managed data stored on the mobile computing device matches the managed data stored on the stationary computing device (column 10, lines 48-52; column 5, lines 15-20; where automatic synchronization is done in Bluetooth and column 7, lines 53-60; e.g., "link mode negotiation and setup").

Regarding claim 12, Erekson teaches all the limitations of claim 10. Erekson further teaches where the step of automatically identifying the managed data comprises authenticating the mobile computing device based on a hardware address (column 8, lines 44-50; where the MAC address is a hardware address).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 9 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Erekson (Erekson, Rich; US Patent No.: 6,622,018 B1) in view of Schaefer (Schaefer, Donald E.; US Patent No.: 6,640,253 B2).

Regarding claims 9 and 11, Erekson teaches all the limitations of claims 8 and 10, respectively.

Erekson does not teach where the authentication information includes biometric information associated with the user.

Art Unit: 2684

In related art concerning dynamic logic control of network units in AD-HOC communications networks, Schaefer teaches where the authentication information includes biometric information associated with the user (column 3, lines 54-62; e.g., "biometric sources").

It would have been obvious to a one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Erekson's method for synchronizing managed data with Schaefer's biometric source in order to make the system authentication reliable.

5. Claim 13-15, 17 and 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Erekson (Erekson, Rich; US Patent No.: 6,622,018 B1) in view of Hanson (Hanson et al.; US Pub. No.: 2002/0,098,840 A1).

Regarding claim 13, Erekson teaches all the limitations of claim 10.

Erekson does not specifically teach of presenting conflicting data based on the synchronization data to a user for reconciliation.

In related art concerning a method and apparatus for providing mobile and other intermittent connectivity in a computing environment, Hanson teaches of presenting conflicting data based on the synchronization data to a user for reconciliation (paragraph 061; where the conflicting data is presented to the user; e.g., "action is being denied").

It would have been obvious to a one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Erekson's method for synchronizing managed data with

Art Unit: 2684

Hanson's presenting conflicting data based on the synchronization data to a user in order allow the user to make modifications in the operations, as taught by Hanson.

Regarding claims 14 and 17, Erekson teaches of a system and computer readable storage medium (column 4, lines 6-9) for synchronizing managed data (column 1, lines 6-11), the system comprising: a mobile computing device having a wireless communication interface (column 6, lines 50-54) and a first storage medium for storing managed data (figure 2, item 104), the mobile computing device including a processor for running a synchronization client application (figure 2, item 101), where the synchronization server automatically establishes communication with the mobile computing device when the mobile computing device is within a predetermined area (column 4, lines 54-62; where Bluetooth technology functions within a predetermined area), automatically identifies the managed data on the mobile computing device (column 10, lines 48-52; e.g., "characteristics and capabilities"), and automatically transfers synchronization information via the synchronization server and client applications and the wireless communication interfaces to the synchronization (column 5, lines 15-20; where automatic synchronization is done in Bluetooth), the synchronization application reconciling differences between the managed data on the mobile computing device and the synchronization to synchronize the managed data (column 7, lines 53-60; e.g., "link mode negotiation and setup"); and transferring the reconciliation information from the second computing device to the first computing device to synchronize the managed data (column 7 and 8, lines 64-67 and 1-3, respectively; where the transceiver transfers the reconciliation information).

Art Unit: 2684

Erekson does not specifically teach of a synchronization server (paragraph 0023) having a wireless communication interface (paragraph 0005, lines 4-7) and a second storage medium for storing managed data (paragraph 0150), the synchronization server including a processor for running a synchronization server application (paragraph 0195, lines 1-3 and 1-12).

It would have been obvious to a one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Erekson's method for synchronizing managed data with Hanson's server in order to change protocols according to the client's requests.

Regarding claim 15, Erekson in view of Hanson teaches all the limitations of claim 14. Erekson further teaches of means for uniquely identifying the mobile computing device (column 7, line 60); Hanson teaches where the synchronization server automatically transfers the synchronization information based on identity of the mobile computing device (paragraph 0141).

Regarding claim 19, Erekson in view of Hanson teaches all the limitations of claim 17. Erekson further teaches where the instructions for automatically identifying the managed data comprise instructions for authenticating the mobile computing device based on a hardware address (column 8, lines 44-50; where the MAC address is a hardware address).

Regarding claim 20, Erekson in view of Hanson teaches all the limitations of claim 17. Hanson further teaches of instructions for presenting conflicting data based on the synchronization data to a user for reconciliation (paragraph 061; where the conflicting data is presented to the user; e.g., "action is being denied").

Art Unit: 2684

6. Claims 16 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Erekson in view of Hanson as applied to claims 14 and 17 above, and further in view of Schaefer.

Regarding claims 16 and 18, Erekson in view of Hanson teaches all the limitations of claims 14 and 17.

Erekson does not teach of means for collecting biometric information associated with a user of the mobile computing device where the authentication information includes biometric information associated with the user; where the synchronization server authenticates the biometric information before automatically transferring the synchronization information.

In related art concerning dynamic logic control of network units in AD-HOC communications networks, Schaefer teaches where the authentication information includes biometric information associated with the user (column 3, lines 54-62; e.g., "biometric sources").

It would have been obvious to a one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Erekson's method for synchronizing managed data with Schaefer's biometric source in order to have a in order to make the system authentication reliable.

Page 9

Art Unit: 2684

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the
examiner should be directed to Angelica Perez whose telephone number is 703305-8724. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:15 a.m. - 3:55 p.m., Monday Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nay Maung can be reached on 703-308-7745. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9314 for regular communications and for After Final communications.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the TC 2600's customer service number is 703-306-

0377.

ngélica Pérez Examiner) NAY MAUNG SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Page 10

Art Unit 2684

July 12, 2004